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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/716,543		11/20/2003	Tomas I. Babic	08215-539001	5678
26171	7590	04/19/2005		EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 1425 K STREET, N.W. 11TH FLOOR			BROUSSARD, COREY M		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		20005-3500		2835	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/716,543	BABIC ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Corey M. Broussard	2835
The MAILING DATE of this communication eriod for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory i - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re on. , a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT statute, cause the application to become AB/	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. FIHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
tatus		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	28 February 2005.	
	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for al		ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
isposition of Claims		•
4) Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-39</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-39</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement	
o) are outly set to recure in the	4-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	
pplication Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		
Applicant may not request that any objection t		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the call		
	ne Examiner. Note the attached	Ombo Addon or form 1 10 102.
riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:		119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority docu		national No.
2. Certified copies of the priority docu3. Copies of the certified copies of the		
application from the International B		10001704 III tillo Italional Olago
* See the attached detailed Office action for	•	received.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

6) Other: _

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ___

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

1)

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 6-11, 14, 16, 17, 22-25, 27-29, 31-33 and 37-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Healey, Jr. (PN 3,979,709). With respect to claim 1, Healey teaches a fuse comprising: an electrical assembly comprising two electrical contacts (7) accessible from an exterior of a fuse and a fuse element (1) in contact with the two electrical contacts; and a fuse tube assembly comprising a preformed tubular support structure (6a and 6b) surrounding at least a portion of the electrical assembly (see Fig. 1) and a reinforcing structure (6c) formed over the support structure and in contact with at least a portion of the electrical assembly, wherein the reinforcing structure comprises a fiber matrix pre-impregnated with a resin (Fig. 1 labels 6c as a resin impregnated glass cloth).
- 3. With respect to claims 2-4, Healey teaches a current limiting fuse wherein the fuse element (1) and the fuse tube assembly (6) extends between the contacts (see Fig.

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- 4. With respect to claims 6 and 7, Healey teaches that the fiber matrix comprises a pre-woven fabric (6c, column 6 lines 25-26) of fibers oriented in a predetermined orientation (see Fig. 7).
- 5. With respect to claim 9, Healey teaches a pre-formed tubular structure comprises of a composite material (6b Fig. 7).
- 6. With respect to claim 10, Healey teaches a slit extending from a first end of the structure to a second end (b see Fig. 7, 9-12).
- 7. With respect to claim 11, Healey teaches that the thickness of the support structure (6a and 6b) is greater than the thickness of the reinforcing structure (6c, see Fig. 10).
- 8. With respect to claims 16 and 17, Healey teaches the matrix as applied in Fig. 15 is applied circumferentially with a predetermined angle and orientation (col 11, 41-43).
- 9. With respect to claim 22-24, Healey teaches wherein the reinforcing structure (6c) is configured to reinforce a selected portion of an area of the fuse along a lengthwise axis of the fuse that comprises less than all of the area (see Fig. 1, 6c does not extend past the end cap 7), and where the selected portion excludes a portion of the outside surface of the electrical assembly (see Fig. 1, 6c is covered by 7 on the end).
- 10. With respect to claim 25, the method of reinforcing a fuse is inherent in the structure of Healey. Healey teaches a method of reinforcing a fuse comprising: electrical assembly comprising two electrical contacts (7) accessible from an exterior of a fuse and a fuse element (1) in contact with the two electrical contacts (see Fig.1); surrounding at least a portion of the electrical assembly by a pre-formed tubular support

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structure (6a and 6b); and applying a reinforcing structure (6c) over the support structure and in contact with at least a portion of the electrical assembly (see Fig. 1), wherein the reinforcing structure comprises a fiber matrix, the fiber matrix comprising fibers pre-impregnated with a resin (Fig. 1 labels 6c as a resin impregnated glass cloth).

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- 11. With respect to claim 27-29, Healey teaches that the matrix is applied in a rolling operation, a wrapping operation, or is circumferentially applied (see Fig. 15 and columns 11-13).
- 12. With respect to claims 31-33, Healey teaches curing the fuse via heating (column 12 lines 18-22).
- 13. With respect to claim 37, Healey teaches filling the fuse with an electrical arcquenching medium (5, column 5 lines 66-8).
- 14. With respect to claim 38 and 39, Healey teaches a current limiting fuse comprising: an electrical assembly comprising two electrical contacts (7) accessible from an exterior of the fuse and a fuse element (1) in contact with the two electrical contacts (see Fig. 1); and a fuse tube assembly comprising a pre-formed tubular support structure (6b) surrounding at least a portion of the electrical assembly and a reinforcing structure (6a and 6c) formed over the support structure (see Fig. 1); wherein the reinforcing structure comprises a resin composition of discontinuous fibers arbitrarily dispersed in an epoxy (6a, column 6 lines 56-59).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

15. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 16. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Healey, Jr. (3,979,709) in view of Tobin (PN 4,349,803). Healey teaches the device as applied to claim 1 above. Healey lacks a pre-formed tubular support structure overlapping the electrical contacts. Tobin teaches a fuse support structure (10) where an inside surface overlaps a portion of an outside surface of each of the electrical contacts (14, see Fig.
- 1). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to apply the technique of attaching electrical contacts to a fuse body taught by Tobin to the fuse structure of Healey to obtain a reinforced fuse with integral contacts for greater strength.
- 17. Claims 12, 13, 26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Healey, Jr. (3,979,709) in view of Schmunk et al. (PN 4,028,656). Healey teaches the device as applied to claim 1 and 25 above. Healey lacks a heat shrink structure providing UV protection formed over the reinforcing structure. Schmunk teaches a heat shrink structure (24, column 3 lines 43-47) providing UV protection (column 3 lines 31-32) formed over a fuse tube assembly. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the heat shrink cover of Schmunk with the reinforced fuse structure of Healey to obtain a fuse better protected from shock and external elements.

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18. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Healey, Jr. (3,979,709) in view of Schmunk et al. (PN 4,028,656) as applied to claim 12 above, and in further view of Pearce (PN 5,261,980). Healey as modified by Schmunk above lacks a heat shrink structure comprising of one or more strips of heat shrink tape. Pearce teaches wrapping a tube of fiber composite with heat shrink tape (column 4 lines 37-38). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the tape wrapping technique of Pearce with the heat shrink fuse structure of Healey as modified by Schmunk to obtain a heat shrink structure that can be applied to a variety of fuse sizes using a single heat shrink product.

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- 19. Claims 7, 16-21, 30, and 31-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Healey, Jr. (3,979,709). With respect to claims 7, 16-21, 30, 31-36, Healey teaches the device as applied to claims 1, 6, and 25 above. Even though the claims are limited by and defined by the recited process, the determination of patentability of the product is based on the <u>product itself</u>, and does not depend on it's method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985).
- 20. With respect to claims 7, 16-21, and 30, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use a woven fabric (that inherently much have it's fibers in a predetermined orientation), and/or applying said fibers circumferentially or vertically as

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an alternate equivalent means of applying the matrix to the fuse of Healey. Such a process would yield the same end result.

21. With respect to claims 34-36, the method of post application curing of the fuse and the specific temperature used for curing and pre-heating would have been obvious one of ordinary skill in the art based upon known ranges of operation for curing the matrix of Healey that would yield the same end result.

Response to Arguments

22. Applicant's arguments filed 02/28/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues that Healey fails to teach a pre-formed structure. This implies that the patentability of the device claimed is founded in the process in which the device is manufactured. The method of manufacture holds no patentable weight over the product itself (see ¶ 19 above). The end product as taught by Healey is within the scope of the claims of the instant application, therefore the rejection is maintained by the Examiner.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Corey M. Broussard whose telephone number is 571 272 2799. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynn Feild can be reached on 571 272 2092. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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